Personal Identity

Based on our memories, experience, feelings, abilities and interests.
Beliefs

The opinions you hold about the world e.g. killing is bad.
Values

What you think is important in life e.g. honesty and acceptance.
Ethnic Group

People of the same race or nationality who share the same customs, religion or origin etc.
Race

Relates to the grouping of people based on physical characteristics, such as skin colour.
National Identity

A person's identity and sense of belonging to a country.
British Values

- Democracy
- Rule of Law
- Tolerance
- Mutual Respect
- Individual Liberty
Stereotyping

A way of thinking about an individual or group of people before we even know them.
Extremism

The vocal or active opposition to fundamental British Values.
Often believe very strict ideas about how they are superior to particular other types of people in society.
The use of violence to achieve ideological, religious or political goals.
TERRORISM

The use of violence to instil fear in people to achieve a political, religious or other ideological objectives.
Radicalisation

The process of how an individual or group comes to adopt increasingly extreme beliefs and views.
Online Grooming

How people befriend young people online in order to take advantage of them.
Propaganda

A range of techniques used to influence our thoughts, beliefs, opinions, feelings, attitudes or behaviour.
A Fact

Something that is true and can be proven. It does not change, no matter who says it.
Opinion

Something that someone thinks or feels which can vary from person to person.
Misinformation

False or inaccurate information that can unintentionally mislead people.

Think Protect Connect
Disinformation

False or inaccurate information the aim of deliberately misleading people.